

1. `int x=4;`
`System.out.println(x);`
2. `int x=1;`
`while (x<5) { x = x+1; }`
`System.out.println(x);`
3. `int acc = 0;`
`for (int x=0; x<4; x++) {acc = acc + x; }`
`System.out.println(acc);`
4. `int x=10;`
`if (x<10) { System.out.println("One"); }`
`else`
`{ System.out.println("Two"); }`
5. `int y = 3;`
`int x = 12;`
`if (y > 0){int x = 8;}`
`else`
`{ y = 3; }`
`System.out.println(x);`
`System.out.println(y);`

6. `int y = 0;`
`int x = 12;`
`if (y > 0){ int x = 8;}`
`else`
`{y = 3;}`
`System.out.println(x);`
`System.out.println(y);`
7. `int x = 12;`
`int y = 0;`
`if (y > 0 && ++x < 15) {y = 5; }`
`System.out.println(x);`
`System.out.println(y);`
8. `int x = 5;`
`int y = 12;`
`System.out.println(y - x * 2 / 5);`

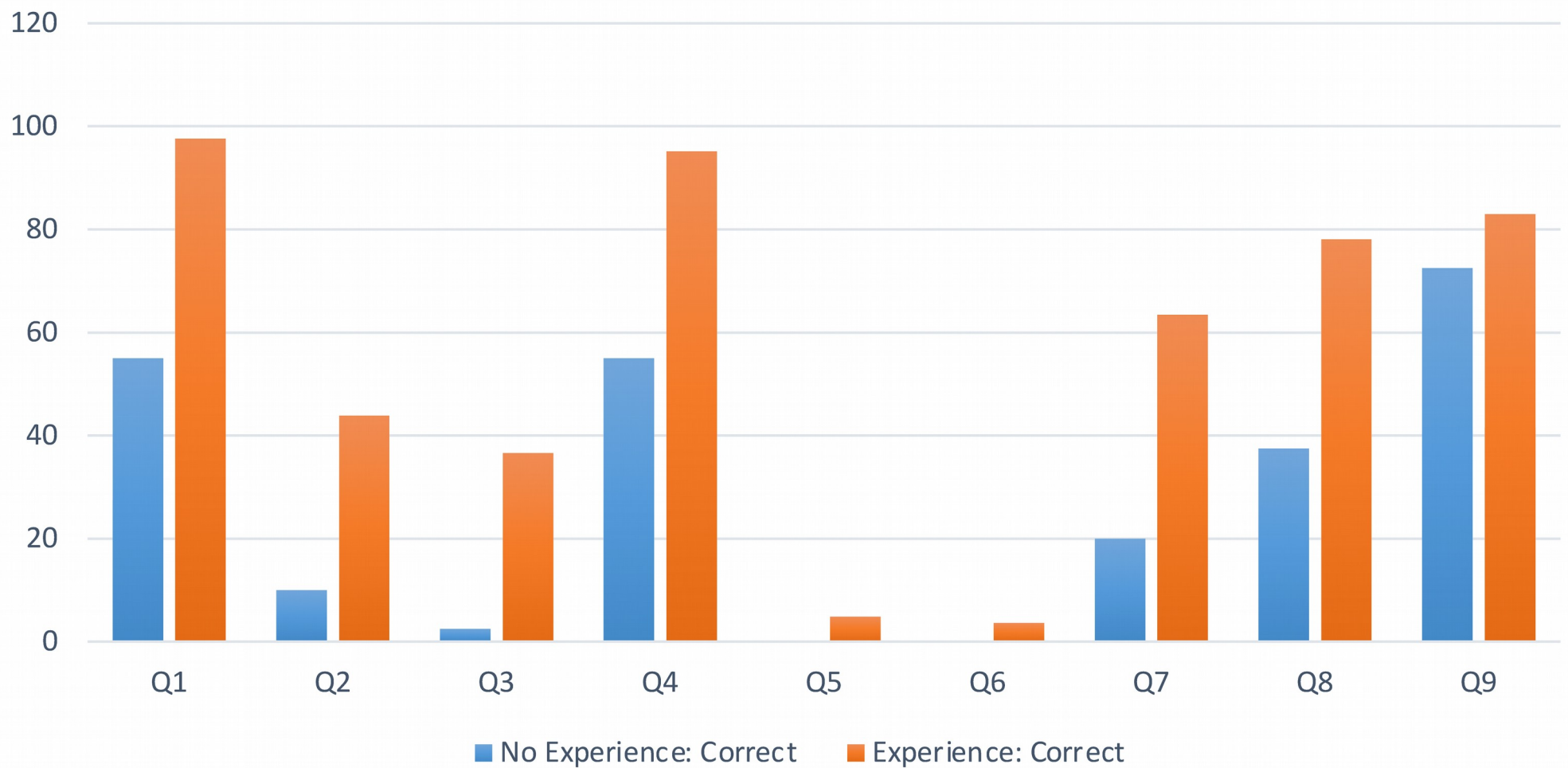
9. Start with the number 32.

Do the following until you end up with the number 1,
counting how many times you repeat the instruction:

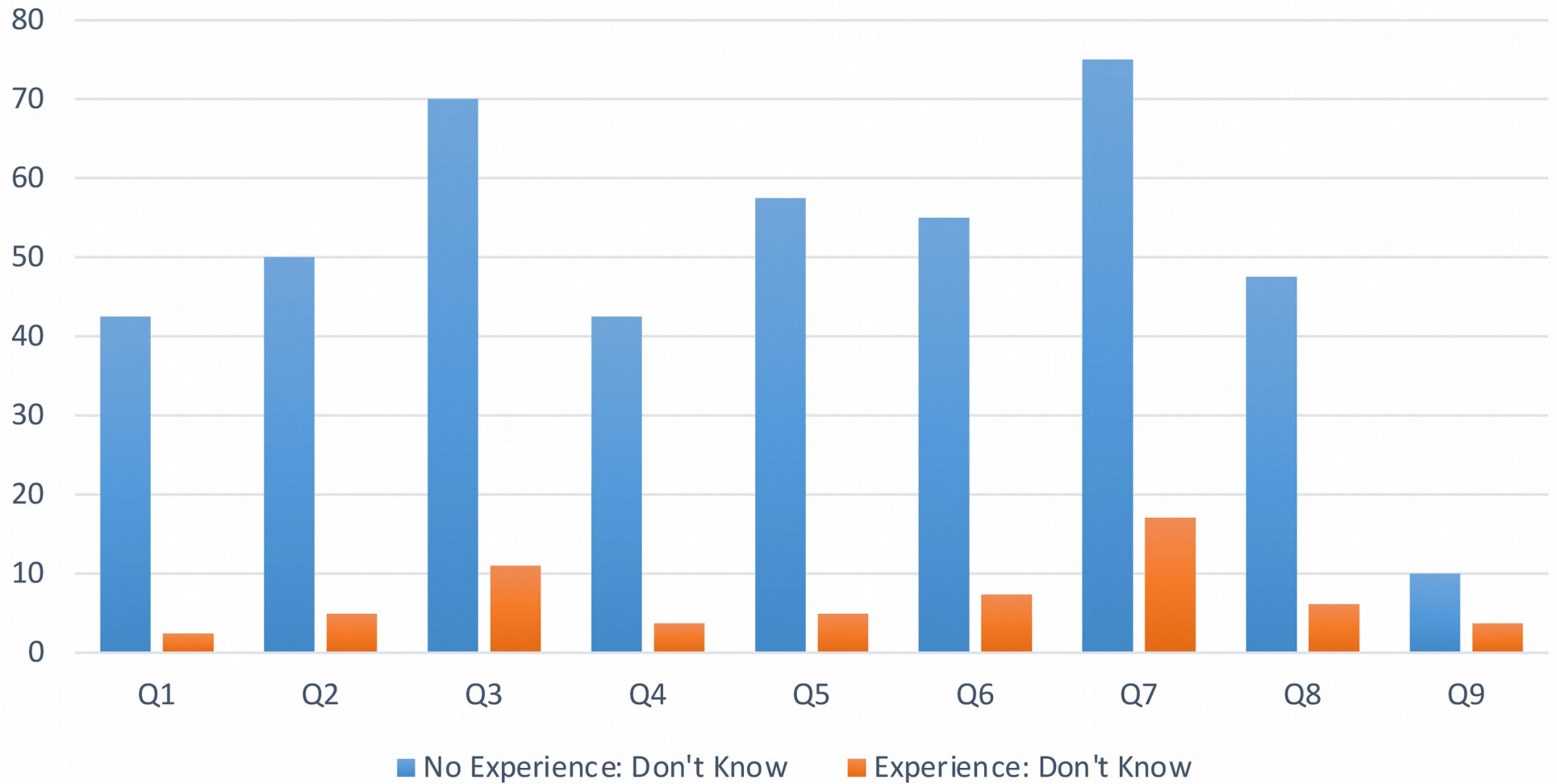
Divide the current value by 3 and discard the remainder.

How many times did you repeat the instruction before ending
up with 1?

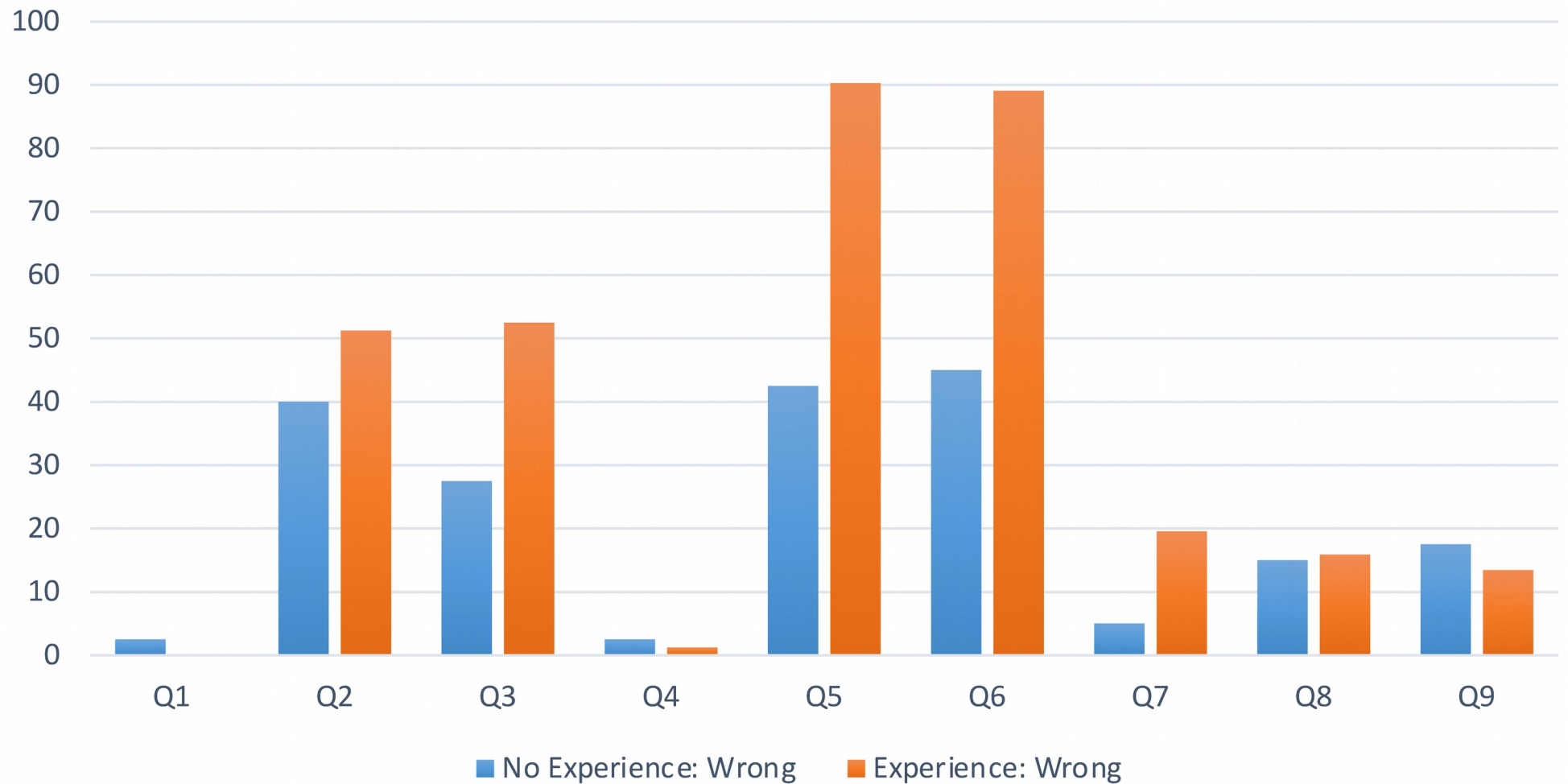
% Correct for Students With and Without Coding Experience



% Dont Know for Students With and Without Coding Experience



% Wrong for Students With and Without Coding Experience



Prior Experience

