CMSC423: Bioinformatic Algorithms, Databases and Tools

Phylogenetic inference

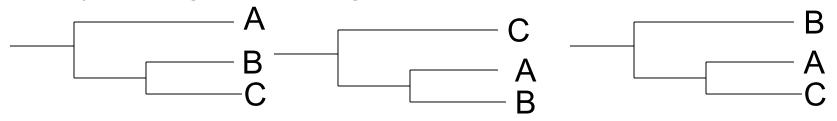
Phylogeny questions

Given several organisms & a set of features (usually sequence, but also morphological: wing shape/color...)

•A. Given a phylogenetic tree – figure out what the ancestors looked like (what are the features of internal nodes)



•B. Find the phylogenetic tree that best describes the common evolutionary heritage of the organisms



Phylogeny questions

•A. Easy-ish – can be done with dynamic programming
•B. Hard – Many possible trees

$$\frac{(2n-3)!}{2^{n-2}(n-2)!}$$

rooted trees with n leaves

Phylogeny estimation methods

- Distance-based methods
- Maximum parsimony
- Maximum Likelihood

Distance-Based Phylogeny Problem

Reconstruct an evolutionary tree fitting a distance matrix

Input: A distance matrix

Output: A tree fitting this distance matrix

Note: A weighted unrooted tree T fits a distance matrix D if $d_{i,j}(T) = D_{i,j}$ for every pair of leaves i and j

Distance matrix

Distance matrix

- Symmetric (for all i, j D_{i,j}= D_{j,i})
- Non-negative
- satisfy triangle's inequality (for all i, j, and k, $D_{i,j} + D_{j,k} >= D_{i,k}$)

	Carp	Zebrafish	Salmon	Trout
Carp	0	3	7	9
Zebrafish		0	6	8
Salmon			0	6
Trout				0

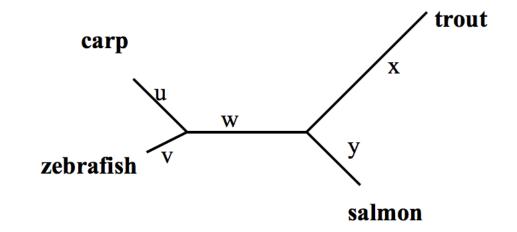
Construct a phylogenetic tree

	Carp	Zebrafish	Salmon	Trout	_
Carp	0	3	7	9	_
Zebrafish		0	6	8	Observed
Salmon			0	6	distances
Trout				0	

- Tree topology? Think hierarchical clustering
- Branch lengths?

Given a tree topology, estimating branch lengths is easy...

	Carp	Zebrafish	Salmon	Trout	_
Carp	0	3	7	9	-
Carp Zebrafish		0	6	8	Observed
Salmon			0	6	distances
Trout				0	



Match distance matrix to branch lengths

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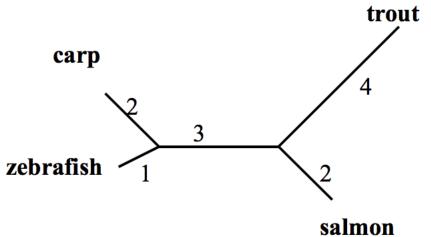
u + v = 3 u + w + y = 7 u + w + x = 9 v + w + y = 6 v + w + x = 8 u + w = 6 x + w = 6

 $\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{y} = \mathbf{6}$

Match distance matrix to branch lengths

	Carp	Zebrafish	Salmon	Trout	_
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u + v = 3 u + w + y = 7 u + w + x = 9v + w + y = 6



 $\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{y} = \mathbf{6}$

 $\mathbf{v} + \mathbf{w} + \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{8}$

Next: maximum parsimony

Maximum likelihood is a variant of maximum parsimony (at least algorithmically)